



# **ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION**

in accordance with ISO 14025, ISO 21930 and EN 15804

Owner of the declaration: Op PWUÁU!^-aaa ÉAISC

Program operator: The Norwegian EPD Foundation Publisher: The Norwegian EPD Foundation

NEPD-446-306-EN

ECO Platform reference number:

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Valid to: HEE ESC |

# Precast concrete hollow core slab

OP PWÙÁÚ!^æàÉRÙÔ

Declaration number:



## www.epd-norge.no





#### **General information Product:** Owner of the declaration: OpPWÙÁÚ¦^-æàÈÁJSC Precast concrete hollow core slab Contact person: Tomas Skrebė Phone: +370 5 2640241 e-mail: t.skrebe@ã @ • È ĭ Program operator: Manufacturer: V@Árp[¦, ^\*ãæ) AÖÚÖÁØ[`}åææãi} OPPWÙÁÚ¦^æàÉÁJSC Ú[•ơÁÔ[¢Á GÍ€ÁTæb[¦•c²^} ĒÆ□HĒHÁU•|[Á⊅[¦ æê Žarijų str. 6, LT-02300, Vilnius, Lithunania ÉI ÏÁCHÁÐ Á GÁIG Phone: Phone: +370 5 260 0120 e-mail: ] | ^-æaa @ @ • È~ ][•cO^]å\[|:\*^\][ e-mail: **Declaration number:** Place of production: ÞÒÚÖË I Î ËH€Î ËÒÞ Vilnius, Lithuania **ECO Platform reference number:** Management system: <del>€€€€€HÎ</del> Ï ISO 14001, ISO 9001 This declaration is based on Product Category Rules: Organisation no: CEN Standard EN 15804 serves as core PCR 121559766 NPCR 020 Precast Concrete Products (28.03.2012). Statement of liability: Issue date: HEREÍ ROEFÎ The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence. EPD Norway shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences. Valid to: HEÈEÍ ÈDEGF **Declared unit:** Year of study: 1 tonne precast concrete hollow core slab 2015-2016 Comparability: Declared unit with option: EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804 and are seen in a building context. **Functional unit:** The EPD has been worked out by: 1 tonne precast concret hollow core slab with specific RAMBOLL reference service life (RSL) of 60 years Marte Reenaas Marti Reenaas Verification: The CEN Norm EN 15804 serves as the core PCR. Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025:2010 internal external

Approved

Håkon Hauan Managing Director of EPD-Norway

Third party verifier:

Christofer Skaar, PhD

(Independent verifier approved by EPD Norway)



#### **Product**

#### **Product description:**

Precast hollow core slabs are used in buildings for floors and roofs.

#### Product specification:

Product specification is given below.

| Materials             | kg    | %       |
|-----------------------|-------|---------|
| Sand                  | 359,2 | 35,9 %  |
| Stone                 | 452,8 | 45,3 %  |
| Cement                | 136,9 | 13,7 %  |
| Reinforcement details | 13,5  | 1,4 %   |
| Steel details         | 0,3   | 0,0 %   |
| Water                 | 36,9  | 3,7 %   |
| Additives             | 0,4   | 0,0 %   |
|                       | 1000  | 100,0 % |

#### Technical data:

Hollow core slabs can be manufactured various shapes and sizes, with or without loops. Resistance to fire up to REI 90. Thicknesses: 200, 265, 320 and 400 mm, width ranges from 260 mm up to 1200 mm, max length: 18000 mm, concrete: C40/50 - C60/75.

Hollow core slabs are produced in accordance with EN 1168:2005+A3:2012.

#### Market:

Norway

## Reference service life, product:

60 years

#### Reference service life, building:

60 years

# LCA: Calculation rules

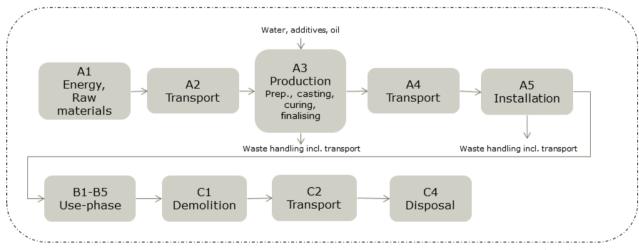
#### **Declared unit:**

1 tonne precast hollow core slab

#### System boundary:

The system boundaries for the cradle-to-grae analysis are given in the flow diagram. All modules are included except module D. There are no environmental impact in B1-B5 and B6 and B7 are not relevant according to PCR. Waste processing is included in module A1-3 and in C1 and C4.

Figure 1 Flow diagram



Systemboarder

## Data quality:

Product specific data is based on the annual average of 2014. Generic data is from Simapro v.8.0.5.13 with Ecoinvent v 3.2 database from 2014.

## Allocation:

The allocation is made in accordance with the provisions of EN 15804. Incoming energy and water and waste production inhouse is allocated equally among all products through mass allocation. Effects of primary production of recycled materials allocated to the main product in which the material was used. The recycling process and transportation of the material is allocated to this analysis.

## Cut-off criteria:

All major raw materials and all the essential energy is included. The production process for raw materials and energy flows that are included with very small amounts (<1%) are not included. This cut-off rule does not apply for hazardous materials and substances.

## Variability:

The size of the product differs from project to project, but the results are given per tonne product and based on the production volume, this is assumed to be a representative estimate of the environmental burden of the products



# LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information describe the scenarios in the different modules of the EPD.

The transport distance from the production site to consumer is an average distance based on factory location and typical customer location for this product.

Transport from production place to user (A4)

| Туре  | Capacity utilisation (incl. return) %   | Type of vehicle            | Distance km | Fuel/Energy | Value |
|-------|---|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
|       | Capacity diffication (file): retain) 70 |                            | consumption |             | (l/t) |
| Truck | 58 %                                    | Freight lorry >32t, Euro 4 | 312         | 0,014 l/tkm | 4,37  |
| Boat  | 71 %                                    | Transoceanic ship          | 2002,5      | 0,003 l/tkm | 6,00  |

A5 includes energy use in building machines. It also includes transportation to- and incineration of wood used for material protection during transportation.

The product is demolished and separated at site. Steel is recycled. Concrete is either deposited (25,9 %) or used in roadfillings etc. (74,1 %).

#### Assembly (A5)

|                                       | Unit           | Value |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|-------|
| Auxiliary                             | kg             |       |
| Water consumption                     | m <sup>3</sup> |       |
| Electricity consumption               | kWh            |       |
| Other energy carriers                 | MJ             | 72    |
| Material loss                         | kg             |       |
| Output materials from waste treatment | kg             |       |
| Dust in the air                       | kg             |       |

End of Life (C1, C3, C4)

|                                       | Unit | Value |
|---------------------------------------|------|-------|
| Hazardous waste disposed              | kg   |       |
| Collected as mixed construction waste | kg   |       |
| Reuse                                 | kg   |       |
| Recycling                             | kg   | 744,4 |
| Energy recovery                       | kg   |       |
| To landfill                           | kg   | 255,6 |

The transportation in C2 is from the site to recycling or landfill. It is assumed that waste processing happens at site.

Transport to recycling and disposal (C2)

| Туре  | Capacity utilisation (incl. return) % | Type of vehicle               | Distance km | Fuel/Energy |       | Value |
|-------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|-------|
| Truck | 37                                    | Freight lorry, 16-32t, Euro 4 | 15          | 0,031       | l/tkm | 0,47  |

## LCA: Results

The cradle to grave results for 1 tonne product.

# System boundaries (X=included, MND= module not declared, MNR=module not relevant)

| Pro           | duct sta  | age           | Assen     | nby stage | Use stage |             |        |             |               | End of life stage      |                       |                            |           |                  |          |
|---------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|--------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------------|----------|
| Raw materials | Transport | Manufacturing | Transport | Assembly  | Use       | Maintenance | Repair | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational energy use | Operational water use | De-construction demolition | Transport | Waste processing | Disposal |
| A1            | A2        | А3            | A4        | A5        | B1        | B2          | В3     | В4          | B5            | В6                     | В7                    | C1                         | C2        | С3               | C4       |
| х             | х         | х             | х         | х         | х         | х           | х      | х           | х             | MNR                    | MNR                   | х                          | х         | х                | х        |

| Beyond the system boundaries           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Reuse-Recovery-<br>Recycling-potential |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MND                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Environme | ental impact                          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Parameter | Unit                                  | A1-A3    | A4       | A5       | B1-B5    | C1       | C2       | C3       | C4       |
| GWP       | kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eqv               | 1,78E+02 | 4,92E+01 | 7,71E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 6,03E-03 | 2,52E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,05E+00 |
| ODP       | kg CFC11-eqv                          | 7,14E-06 | 8,68E-06 | 1,37E-06 | 0,00E+00 | 1,08E-09 | 4,63E-07 | 0,00E+00 | 1,89E-07 |
| POCP      | kg C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -eqv | 2,26E-02 | 2,04E-02 | 5,36E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 1,22E-06 | 4,34E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 2,12E-04 |
| AP        | kg SO <sub>2</sub> -eqv               | 4,35E-01 | 5,93E-01 | 5,92E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 4,54E-05 | 1,02E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 7,93E-03 |
| EP        | kg PO <sub>4</sub> 3eqv               | 1,35E-01 | 7,10E-02 | 1,46E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 1,03E-05 | 2,22E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 1,80E-03 |
| ADPM      | kg Sb-eqv                             | 2,86E-04 | 6,41E-05 | 4,54E-06 | 0,00E+00 | 2,01E-09 | 8,21E-06 | 0,00E+00 | 3,42E-07 |
| ADPE      | MJ                                    | 9,51E+02 | 7,71E+02 | 1,16E+02 | 0,00E+00 | 9,20E-02 | 4,04E+01 | 0,00E+00 | 1,61E+01 |

GWP Global warming potential; ODP Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; POCP Formation potential of tropospheric photochemical oxidants; AP Acidification potential of land and water; EP Eutrophication potential; ADPM Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPE Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources



| Resource  | use            |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|-----------|----------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Parameter | Unit           | A1-A3    | A4       | A5       | B1-B5    | C1       | C2       | C3       | C4       |
| RPEE      | MJ             | 1,96E+02 | 1,30E+01 | 9,40E+01 | 0,00E+00 | 4,82E-04 | 4,81E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 8,29E-02 |
| RPEM      | MJ             | 0,00E+00 |
| TPE       | MJ             | 1,96E+02 | 1,30E+01 | 9,40E+01 | 0,00E+00 | 4,82E-04 | 4,81E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 8,29E-02 |
| NRPE      | MJ             | 1,05E+03 | 7,94E+02 | 1,19E+02 | 0,00E+00 | 9,29E-02 | 4,11E+01 | 0,00E+00 | 1,62E+01 |
| NRPM      | MJ             | 7,64E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| TRPE      | MJ             | 1,05E+03 | 7,94E+02 | 1,19E+02 | 0,00E+00 | 9,29E-02 | 4,11E+01 | 0,00E+00 | 1,62E+01 |
| SM        | kg             | 3,25E+01 | INA      | INA      | 0,00E+00 | INA      | INA      | 0,00E+00 | INA      |
| RSF       | MJ             | INA      | INA      | INA      | 0,00E+00 | INA      | INA      | 0,00E+00 | INA      |
| NRSF      | MJ             | INA      | INA      | INA      | 0,00E+00 | INA      | INA      | 0,00E+00 | INA      |
| W         | m <sup>3</sup> | 1,62E+00 | 1,55E-01 | 1,91E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 1,33E-05 | 7,38E-03 | 0,00E+00 | 2,30E-03 |

RPEE Renewable primary energy resources used as energy carrier; RPEM Renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; TPE Total use of renewable primary energy resources; NRPE Non renewable primary energy resources used as energy carrier; NRPM Non renewable primary energy resources used as materials; TRPE Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM Use of secondary materials; RSF Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF Use of non renewable secondary fuels; W Use of net fresh water; INA indicator not assessed. INA is used for indicators we assume is zero or close to zero. The indicators are zero in the foreground system, but as there could be small contributions in the background system the indicators are set as INA instead of zero.

| End of life | - Waste |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Parameter   | Unit    | A1-A3    | A4       | A5       | B1-B5    | C1       | C2       | C3       | C4       |
| HW          | kg      | 1,09E-03 | 4,07E-04 | 5,81E-05 | 0,00E+00 | 3,71E-08 | 2,29E-05 | 0,00E+00 | 6,38E-06 |
| NHW         | kg      | 1,17E+01 | 3,84E+01 | 2,83E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 9,97E-05 | 1,79E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,70E-02 |
| RW          | kg      | 4,53E-03 | 5,01E-03 | 7,91E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 6,10E-07 | 2,63E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 1,07E-04 |

HW Hazardous waste disposed; NHW Non hazardous waste disposed; RW Radioactive waste disposed

| End of life | - Output flow |          |     |          |       |     |          |     |     |
|-------------|---------------|----------|-----|----------|-------|-----|----------|-----|-----|
| Parameter   | Unit          | A1-A3    | A4  | A5       | B1-B5 | C1  | C2       | C3  | C4  |
| CR          | kg            | INA      | INA | INA      | INA   | INA | INA      | INA | INA |
| MR          | kg            | 3,51E+01 | INA | INA      | INA   | INA | 7,44E+02 | INA | INA |
| MER         | kg            | 0,00E+00 | INA | 7,00E-03 | INA   | INA | 0,00E+00 | INA | INA |
| EEE         | MJ            | INA      | INA | INA      | INA   | INA | INA      | INA | INA |
| ETE         | MJ            | INA      | INA | INA      | INA   | INA | INA      | INA | INA |

CR Components for reuse; MR Materials for recycling; MER Materials for energy recovery; EEE Exported electric energy; ETE Exported thermal energy; INA indicator not assessed. INA is used for indicators we assume is zero or close to zero. The indicators are zero in the foreground system, but as there could be small contributions in the background system the indicators are set as INA instead of zero.

Reading example:  $9.0 \text{ E-}03 = 9.0 \cdot 10^{-3} = 0.009$ 

# **Additional Norwegian requirements**

# Greenhous gas emission from the use of electricity in the manufacturing phase

Markuciai holds a green cerificate for power supplied by Green Lithuanian Energy, Energijos Tiekimas. This certificate certifies that Markuciai consumes electricity from 100 % renewable energy sources. Energijos Tiekimas purchases electricity from Kaunas Hydroelectric Power Plant and the electricity used in the manufacturing phase is 100 % run-of-river production.

| Data source               | Amount | Unit                       |
|---------------------------|--------|----------------------------|
| Econinvent v3 (june 2014) | 10,2   | g CO <sub>2</sub> -eqv/kWh |

# Dangerous substances

| <b>✓</b> | The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the Norwegian priority list  |
|----------|--|
|          | The product contains substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the Norwegian priority list that are less than 0,1 % by weight.   |
|          | The product contain dangerous substances, more then 0,1% by weight, given by the REACH Candidate List or the Norwegian Priority list, see table.   |
|          | The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the Norwegian priority list. The product is classified as hazardous waste (Avfallsforskiften, Annex III), see table. |



## **Indoor environment**

The product has not been tested for emissions to indoor environment.

## **Carbon footprint**

Carbon footprint has not been worked out for the product.

| Bibliography          |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| ISO 14025:2010        | Environmental labels and declarations - Type III environmental declarations - Principles and procedures   |
| ISO 14044:2006        | Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines  |
| EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 | Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declaration - Core rules for the product category of construction products                                 |
| ISO 21930:2007        | Sustainability in building construction - Environmental declaration of building products  |
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| NPCR 0200, 2012       | Precast Concrete products, EPD, Norway  |
| Ecoinvent v.3.2       | Swiss Centre og Life Cycle Inventories, www.ecoinvent.ch  |
| Litgrid, 2015         | http://www.litgrid.eu/index.php/energetikos-sistema/elektros-energetikos-sistemos-informacija/elektros-gamybos-ir-vartojimo-balanso-duomenys/2287 (accessed 27.11.2015) |

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